

Zaboravljena zaporka za poslužitelj



Ponekad, najčešće nakon godišnjeg odmora, dogodi se da zaboravimo administratorsku lozinku za poslužitelj kojeg dulje vrijeme nismo koristili. Obično je nismo zapisali negdje na sigurno mjesto, ili u KeePass i slične *password managere*.

Iako smo na portalu već pisali kako riješiti problem zaboravljene lozinke, dodat ćemo još jedan način. No prvo, ponovimo kako to većina radi...

Poslužitelj moramo restartati, a nakon što se pojavi GRUB-ov izbornik, na tipkovnici odaberite slovo "e" (*edit mode*). Nemojte pritiskati tipku Enter.

```
GNU GRUB version 1.99-27+deb7u2

Debian GNU/Linux, with Linux 3.2.0-4-686-pae
Debian GNU/Linux, with Linux 3.2.0-4-686-pae (recovery mode)
Debian GNU/Linux, with Linux 3.2.0-4-486
Debian GNU/Linux, with Linux 3.2.0-4-486 (recovery mode)

Use the ↑ and → keys to select which entry is highlighted.
Press enter to boot the selected OS, 'e' to edit the commands
before booting or 'c' for a command-line.
The highlighted entry will be executed automatically in 3s.
```

Pronađite liniju koja počinje sa linux/boot/vmlinuz-X.X.X..., te na kraju linije ubacite razmak (*space*) i upišite "init=/bin/bash" (bez navodnika):

```
GNU GRUB version 1.99-27+deb7u2

setparams 'Debian GNU/Linux, with Linux 3.2.0-4-686-pae'

load_video
insmod gzio
insmod part_msdos
insmod ext2
set root='(hd0,msdos2)'
search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root d5f912e5-0c2c-46e1-81fe-b6ab\
de361512
echo 'Loading Linux 3.2.0-4-686-pae ...'
linux /boot/vmlinuz-3.2.0-4-686-pae root=UUID=d5f912e5-0c2c-46e1-81f\
e-b6abde361512 ro quiet
echo 'Loading initial ramdisk ...'
initrd /boot/initrd.img-3.2.0-4-686-pae

Minimum Emacs-like screen editing is supported. TAB lists
completions. Press Ctrl-x or F10 to boot, Ctrl-c or F2 for
a command-line or ESC to discard edits and return to the GRUB
menu.
```

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GNU GRUB version 1.99-27+deb7u2

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linux /boot/vmlinuz-3.2.0-4-686-pae root=UUID=d5f912e5-0c2c-46e1-81f\
e-b6abde361512 ro quiet init=/bin/bash_
echo 'Loading initial ramdisk ...'
initrd /boot/initrd.img-3.2.0-4-686-pae

Minimum Emacs-like screen editing is supported. TAB lists
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menu.
```

Nakon što ste to upisali, za *boot* pritisnite Ctrl+X.

Kad se poslužitelj digne i dobijete naredbenu liniju, treba napraviti remount direktorija root (/), na takav način da je omogućeno i čitanje i pisanje:

```
# mount -w -o remount /
```

-w - (i) čitanje (i) pisanje

-o - dodatne opcije

remount - ponovno mountanje uređaja s dodatnim opcijama (u ovom slučaju *writable*).

Slijedi izmjena zaporka korisnika root pomoću naredbe passwd:

```
# passwd
```

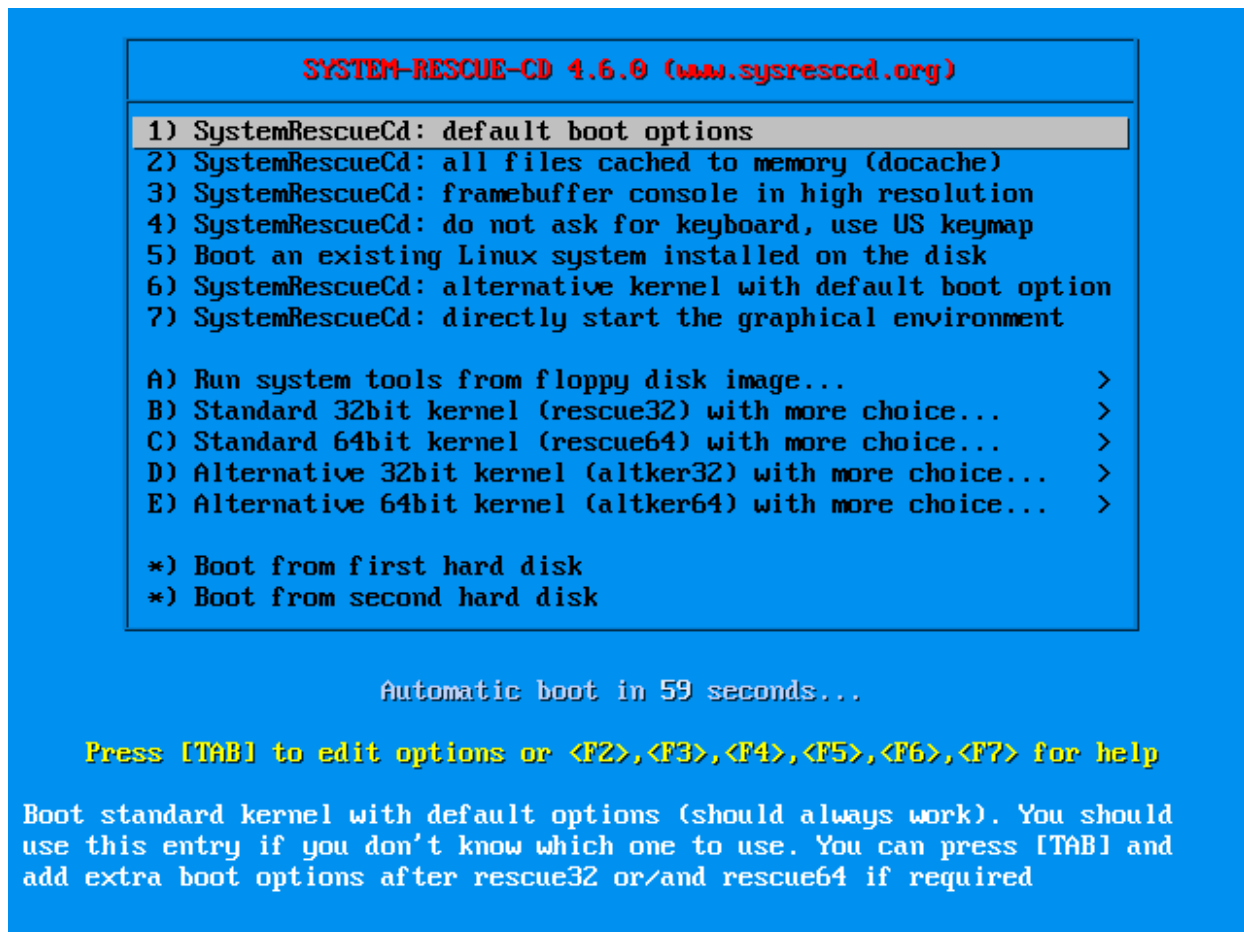
```
root@none):/# mount -w -o remount /
root@none):/# passwd
Enter new UNIX password:
Retype new UNIX password: _
```

Prilično je jednostavno, no postoje i drugi načini. Ovdje mislimo uglavnom na razne Live CD-ove, koji osim promjene lozinke omogućavaju i druge operacije koje bi nam inače bilo teško napraviti iz ograničenog shella kojeg dobijemo prethodnim načinom.

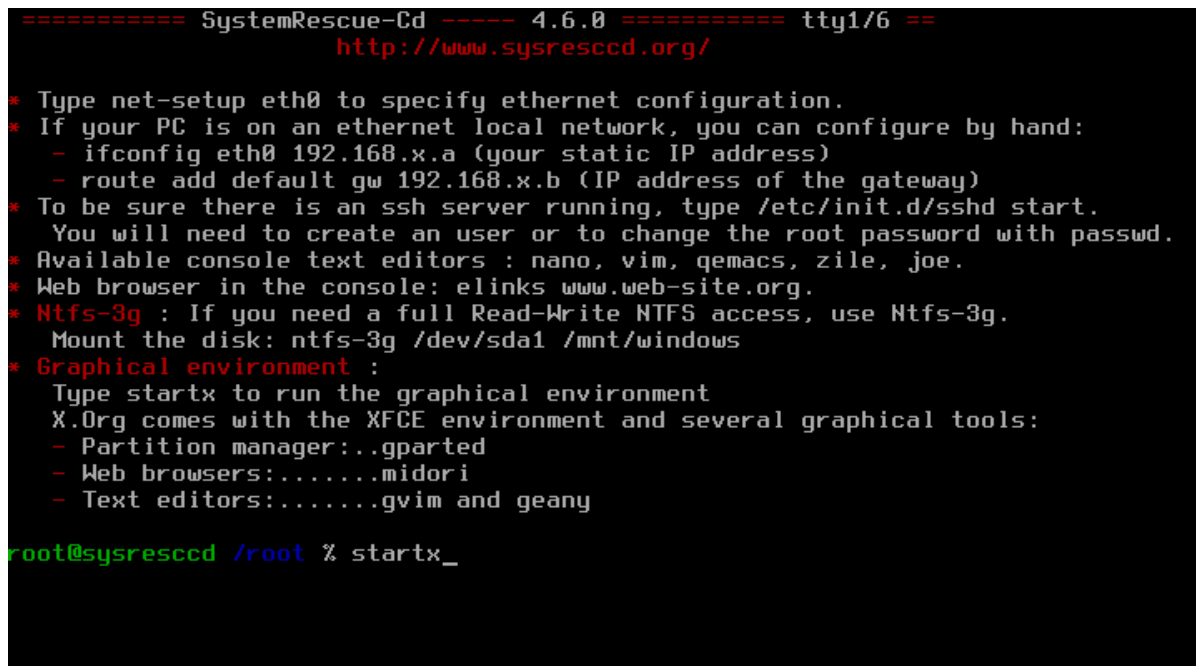
U ovom primjeru ćemo demonstrirati izravno editiranje datoteke `/etc/shadow`, što nije preporučljivo, ali nekada sistemski alati ne mogu pomoći. Primjerice, datoteka je oštećena i format nije prepoznat, pa naredba `passwd` ne radi.

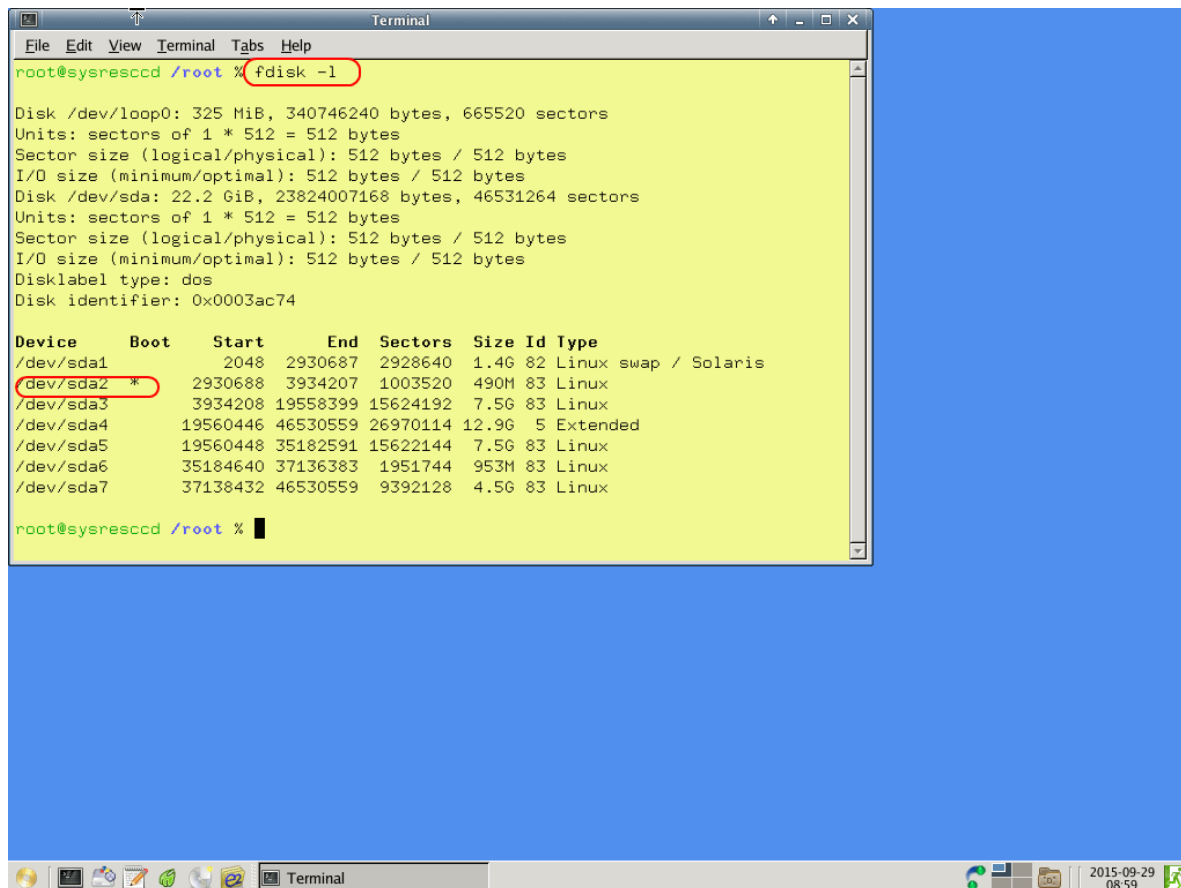
Koristit ćemo jedan od mnogih rescue diskova (Knoppix, The Trinity Rescue Kit, System Rescue CD). U primjeru koristili smo System Rescue CD (http://www.sysresccd.org/SystemRescueCd_Homepage [1]), sa grafičkim sučeljem.

Poslužitelj pokrećemo sa bootabilnog CD ili USB uređaja, te bez previše razmišljanja možete odabrati prvu opciju s izbornika.



Nakon odabira tipkovnice sljedeći prozor daje nam kratke upute kako što mountati i kako pokrenuti grafičko sučelje. Odabrali smo rad iz grafičkog sučelja sa naredbom: "**startx**". Prilikom pokretanja grafičkog sučelja odmah se pokreće terminal i spajanje na mrežu.





```

root@sysresccd /root % fdisk -l

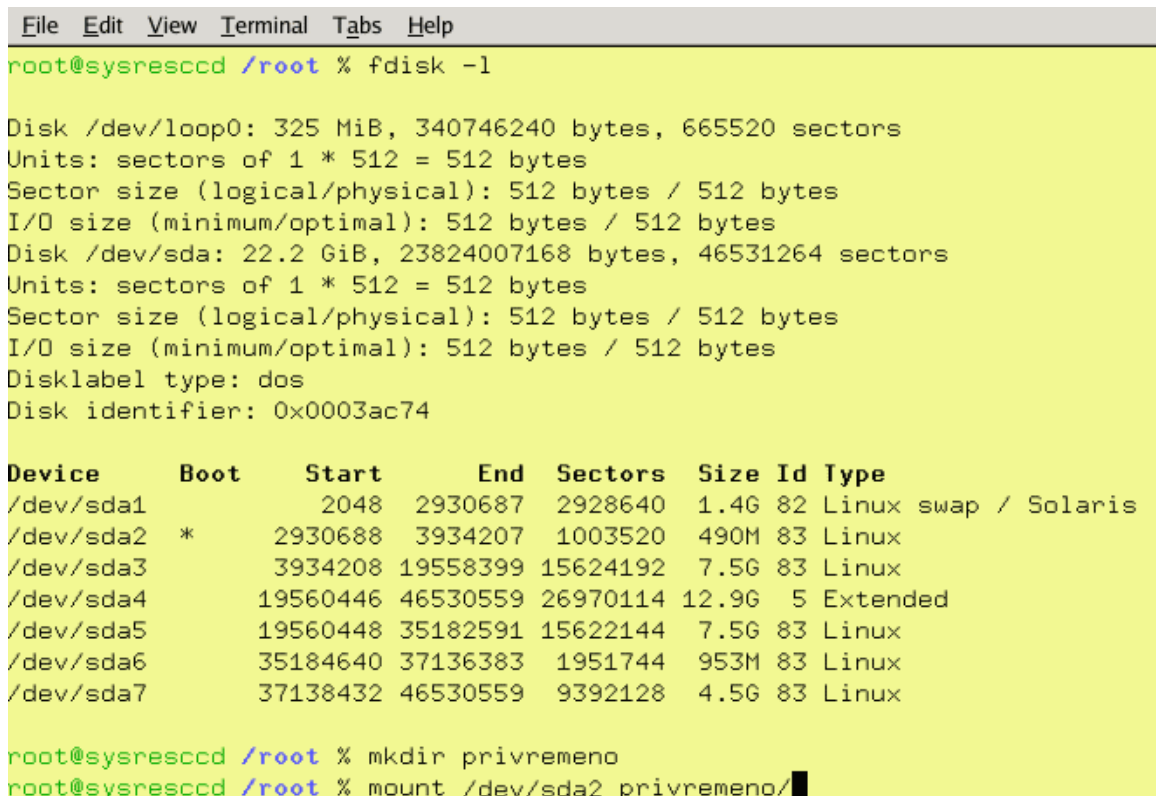
Disk /dev/loop0: 325 MiB, 340746240 bytes, 665520 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk /dev/sda: 22.2 GiB, 23824007168 bytes, 46531264 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x0003ac74

Device      Boot      Start         End      Sectors   Size Id Type
/dev/sda1                2048     2930687     2928640    1.4G 82 Linux swap / Solaris
/dev/sda2 *          2930688     3934207     1003520    490M 83 Linux
/dev/sda3                3934208     19558399    15624192    7.5G 83 Linux
/dev/sda4            19560446     46530559    26970114    12.9G  5 Extended
/dev/sda5            19560448     35182591    15622144    7.5G 83 Linux
/dev/sda6            35184640     37136383     1951744    953M 83 Linux
/dev/sda7            37138432     46530559     9392128    4.5G 83 Linux

root@sysresccd /root %

```

Sa "**fdisk -l**" pregledamo particije našeg sustava koje trebamo za mount, tj. tražimo root particiju koja je se u našem primjeru nalazi na uređaju `/dev/sda2`". Kreiramo jednu privremenu točku za mount, primjerice privremeno, s `"mkdir privremeno"`. Nakon kreiranja ukucamo `"mount /dev/sda2 privremeno"`.



```

root@sysresccd /root % fdisk -l

Disk /dev/loop0: 325 MiB, 340746240 bytes, 665520 sectors
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/dev/sda3                3934208     19558399    15624192    7.5G 83 Linux
/dev/sda4            19560446     46530559    26970114    12.9G  5 Extended
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/dev/sda6            35184640     37136383     1951744    953M 83 Linux
/dev/sda7            37138432     46530559     9392128    4.5G 83 Linux

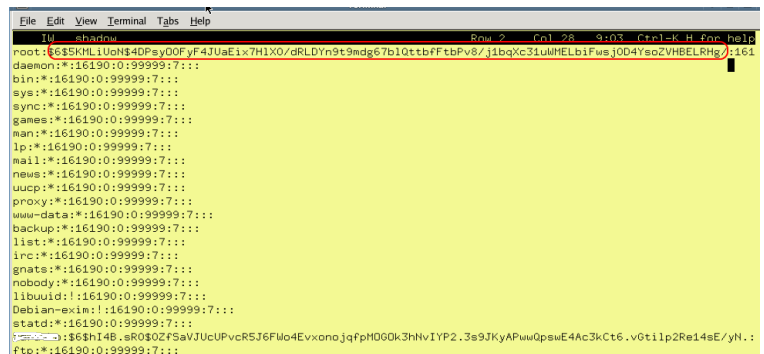
root@sysresccd /root % mkdir privremeno
root@sysresccd /root % mount /dev/sda2 privremeno/

```

Nakon što smo mountali disk, odlazimo do `/etc (cd privremeno/etc)` direktorija gdje se nalazi

shadow datoteka. U njoj ćemo obrisati rootovu zaporku, tako da ćemo izbrisati pripadajući enkriptirani niz znakova.

Ono što je važno kod editiranja shadow datoteke za korisnika root je brisanje sadržaja između prve dvotočke (":") do sljedeće dvotočke (ni manje ni više, kako ne bi narušili strukturu datoteke!):

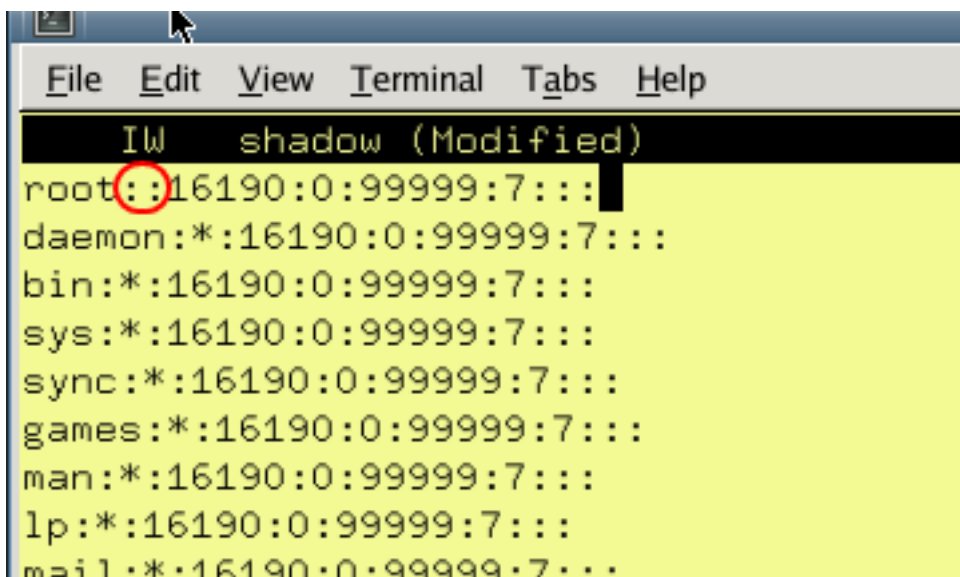


```

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
IW shadow
root:6$5KHL1UoN$40P$y00f4JuaE1x7H1X0/dRLDYn9t9wdg67b10ttbFFtbPv8/j1bqXc31uMHELb1Fuej0D4Yao2VHBELRHg/:161
daemon*:16190:0:99999:7:::
bin*:16190:0:99999:7:::
sys*:16190:0:99999:7:::
sync*:16190:0:99999:7:::
games*:16190:0:99999:7:::
man*:16190:0:99999:7:::
lp*:16190:0:99999:7:::
mail*:16190:0:99999:7:::
news*:16190:0:99999:7:::
uucp*:16190:0:99999:7:::
proxy*:16190:0:99999:7:::
www-data*:16190:0:99999:7:::
backup*:16190:0:99999:7:::
list*:16190:0:99999:7:::
irc*:16190:0:99999:7:::
gnats*:16190:0:99999:7:::
nobody*:16190:0:99999:7:::
libuid!:16190:0:99999:7:::
Debian-exim!:16190:0:99999:7:::
statd*:16190:0:99999:7:::
ftp*:16190:0:99999:7:::

```

Nakon brisanja tog niza znakova, shadow datoteka treba izgledati ovako:



```

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
IW shadow (Modified)
root:16190:0:99999:7:::
daemon*:16190:0:99999:7:::
bin*:16190:0:99999:7:::
sys*:16190:0:99999:7:::
sync*:16190:0:99999:7:::
games*:16190:0:99999:7:::
man*:16190:0:99999:7:::
lp*:16190:0:99999:7:::
mail*:16190:0:99999:7:::

```

Ukoliko je datoteka oštećena (u smislu da su neke linije spojene i slično), popravite i to. Snimite datoteku i napravite reboot računala. Izvadite CD ili USB uređaj s kojeg ste pokretali računalo.

Nakon što se računalo normalno starta, prijavite se kao korisnik root. Sustav će tražiti zaporku, ali ona ne postoji, pa samo stisnite Enter. Obavezno odmah promijenite zaporku i možete nastaviti s normalnim radom.



```

Debian GNU/Linux 7 debianlaptop tty1
debianlaptop login: root
Linux debianlaptop 3.2.0-4-686-pae #1 SMP Debian 3.2.57-3+deb7u2 i686

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
root@debianlaptop:~# passwd
Enter new UNIX password: _

```

sri, 2015-09-30 10:43 - Zdravko Rašić **Kuharice:** [Linux](#) [2]

Kategorije: [Operacijski sustavi](#) [3]

Vote: 5

Vaša ocjena: Nema Average: 5 (1 vote)

Source URL: <https://sysportal.carnet.hr/node/1570>

Links

[1] http://www.sysresccd.org/SystemRescueCd_Homepage

[2] <https://sysportal.carnet.hr/taxonomy/term/17>

[3] <https://sysportal.carnet.hr/taxonomy/term/26>